

Table S1. Demographics of included participants by experimental condition at randomization

	Text-only (N = 88)	Graphic Images (N = 105)	Graphic Images and Elaborated Text (N = 96)	Test Statistic (sig.)
Age				
	32.15 (11.52)	33.92 (11.49)	34.88 (11.69)	$F(2, 286) = 1.31, p = .27$
Gender				
				$\chi^2(2, 288) = .17, p = .92$
Male	47	58	54	
Female	41	46	42	
Other	0	1	0	
Race				
				$\chi^2(4, 289) = 2.87, p = .58$
White	54	65	59	
Black	26	30	33	
Asian	2	1	0	
American Indian	1	1	0	
More than one	3	7	4	
Other	2	1	0	
Ethnicity				
				$\chi^2(2, 289) = .05, p = .98$
Hispanic	3	3	3	
Non-Hispanic	85	102	93	
Education				
				$\chi^2(2, 287) = 5.05, p = .75$
Some high school, no degree	7	7	9	
High school degree or GED	23	23	26	
Some college, no degree	33	51	40	
Associate's Degree	10	9	5	
Bachelor's Degree	15	13	13	
Master's Degree or higher	0	1	2	
Self-report Cigarettes Smoked Daily				
	16.26 (7.48)	17.56 (8.31)	17.02 (8.13)	$F(2, 268) = .63, p = .53$
Years of Smoking				
	15.99 (11.86)	17.28 (12.58)	17.79 (11.99)	$F(2, 285) = .53, p = .59$

**Fagerström Test of
Nicotine Dependence**

	4.42 (1.75)	4.19 (1.88)	4.49 (1.80)	$F(2, 286) = .75,$ $p = .47$
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**Breath Carbon
Monoxide (CO)**

	16.58 (9.68)	18.97 (12.40)	19.15 (9.37)	$F(2, 286) =$ $1.66, p = .19$
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Note. Due to a low number participants in certain groups, some categories were combined in chi-square tests for demographic differences after random assignment. The participant who indicated their gender as “other” was excluded from the chi-square test for gender. Participants who indicated their race as Asian, American Indian, More than one race, or Other, were combined to form a single “other” category. Finally, participants with a Master’s degree or higher were combined with participants who held a Bachelor’s degree to form a single high-education category.